



Scheme

First Semester

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R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – I

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Indian Political Thought	MAP-101

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the origin and evolution of Indian political thought within the Indian knowledge system.
2. Analyze ancient political ideas of Kautilya and Manu.
3. Explain the Indian renaissance and contributions of Gandhi, Phule couple, and Ahilya Bai.
4. Evaluate the modern political ideas of Nehru, Ambedkar, Lohia, Jay Prakash Narayan, and Deendayal Upadhyay.
5. Interpret Aurobindo's concept of nationalism and its connection with Sanatan Dharma.

UNIT I –

- Political Thought in Indian knowledge system -Genesis and Development.
- Kautilya, Manu, Shantiparva
- The Indian Renaissance - Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Balgangadhar Tilak, Vivekanand, Dayanand Saraswati

UNIT II –

- Political Social & Economic Ideas of Mahatama Gandhi.
- Jyotiba Phule, Savitri bai Phule, Ahilya Bai

UNIT III –

- Political Ideas of Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru,
- Political Ideas of Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar.

UNIT IV -

- Political Views of Ram Manohar Lohia,
- Political Views of Jai Prakash Narayan,
- Political Views of Acharya Narendra Deo

UNIT V –

- Political Views of Dindayal Upadhyay,
- Political Views of M.N. Rai,
- Political Views of Aurobindo Ghosh.

Suggested Readings:

1. V.P. Verma, Modern Indian Political Thought Laxmi Narayan Agrawal, Agra - 2004.
2. Dr. Yogendra K. Sharma, Bhartiya Rajnitik Vicharak Vol. I, II, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 2001.
3. M.A. Azad, India Wins Freedom, Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1988.
4. D.G. Dalton, India's Idea of Freedom : Political Thought of Swami Vivekanand, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi, Ravindra Nath Tagore, Delhi Academic Press, 1982.
5. K.P. Karunakaran, Indian Politics from Dadabhai Noroji to Gandhi; A Study of Political Ideas of Modern India, New Delhi, Gitanjali, 1975.
6. R.M. Lohia, Marx, Gandhi and Socialism, Hyderabad, Nav Hind, 1953.
7. V.R. Mehta, Foundations of Indian Political Thought, New Delhi, Manohar, 2022.
8. B.R. Nanda, Gandhi and His Critics, Delhi Oxford, 1985.
9. Brecher Michael, Nehru, A Political Biography, Oxford, 1959.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – I

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Government and Politics of India	MAP-102

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand governance elements in Indian tradition—King, Amatya, Sabha, Samiti, Republic.
2. Explain the philosophy and ideals of the Indian Constitution.
3. Know Fundamental Rights and how they differ from Directive Principles.
4. Describe the structure and functions of the Legislature, Executive, and Judiciary.
5. Understand Indian polity and the party system.

UNIT I –

- Governance in the Indian Knowledge System – Key elements include *King, Amatya, Sabha, Samiti*, and the concept of *Republic*.
- Constituent Assembly – Its *composition, functioning*, and the *process of drafting the Indian Constitution*.
- Salient Features of the Indian Constitution – Including *sovereignty, democracy, secularism, federalism, fundamental rights*, and *judicial independence*.

UNIT II –

- Preamble
- Fundamental Rights and Duties Directive principles of State, Amendment Procedure.

UNIT III –

- Union Executive: President,
- Prime Minister
- Council of Ministers

UNIT IV -

Union Legislature

- Lok Sabha (House of the People)
- Rajya Sabha (Council of States)

Union Judiciary

- The Supreme Court of India

UNIT V –

- Nature of the Indian Party System
 - Characteristics, evolution, and role of political parties in a multi-party democracy.
- Challenges to Indian Polity
 - (a) Casteism
 - (b) Regionalism
 - (c) Linguism
 - (d) Communalism
 - (e) Corruption and Criminalisation of Politics
 - (f) Naxalism
- Role of Civil Society and Mass Movements
 - Contribution to democratic processes, social justice, and policy advocacy.

Suggested Reading:-

1. N.D. Palmer : Govt. and Politics in India.
2. J.C. Johari : Indian Government and Politics.
3. Coupland, Sir Reginald : The Indian Problem.
4. J.P. Bansal, Supreme Court : Judicial Restraint versus Judicial Activism, Judicial Activism, Jaipur, Unique 1985.
5. D.D. Basu, An Introduction on to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall ,994 (also in Hindi).
6. S. Kaushik (ed.), Indian Government and Politics, Delhi University, Directorate of Hindi Implementation, 1990.
7. S. Kaviraj, Politics in India, Delhi, Oxford University Press 1998.
8. R. Kothari (ed.), Politics in India, New Delhi Orient Longman, 1970.
9. M.V. Pylee, Constitutional Government in India, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1977.
10. M. Weiner, Party Politics in India, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1957.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – I

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	International Politics & Contemporary Political Issues	MAP-103

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand inter-state relations in Indian tradition and the concept of *Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam*.
2. Familiarize with key concepts and theories in International Relations.
3. Develop understanding of major IR theories—Realism, Idealism, Systems Theory, Game Theory, and Decision-Making Theory.
4. Analyze core IR concepts like National Power, Balance of Power, and Collective Security.
5. Appreciate Global IR and the relevance of non-Western perspectives.

UNIT I –

- Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics;
- Inter-state relations in Indian knowledge system, concept of *Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam*.
- Theories of International Politics: Realism & Idealism, Systems Theory,
- Game Theory and Decision Making Theory.

UNIT II –

- The Elements of National Power and Limitations, Balance of Power and Collective Security: Imperialism, Colonialism, Neo Colonialism
- National Interest and International Ideology, morality and morale.

UNIT III –

- The Concept of Non-Alignment: Role and Relevance
- Regional Cooperation: SAARC, ASEAN,
- Disarmament and Arms Control: CTBT, NPT
- Cold War, End of Cold War, Contemporary Political Issues After Cold War.

UNIT IV –

- North - South Dialogue and South - South cooperation, G20, BRICS.

- Globalization: Meaning, Nature, advantages and disadvantages, role of the WTO.
- Liberalisation & Changing Nature of State.

UNIT V –

- Environmental Issues: Rio-Declaration 1992 & Rio-Bio Diversity Agreement.
- Terrorism : Factors which give rise to terrorism, Terrorism in South Asia, Cross- Border Terrorism.

Suggested Reading:-

1. Hans, J. Morgenthau : Politics Among Nations.
2. Palmer, N.D. & Perkins, C : International Relations.
3. Schuman, F.L. : International Politics.
4. Mahendra Kumar : Theoretical Aspects of International Politics.
5. P. Allan and K. Oldman (eds) : The End of the Cold War, Dordrecht, Martinus Nijhoff, 1992.
6. H. Bull : The Anarchical Society : A Study of Order in World Politics, London, Macmillan, 1977.
7. I. Claude : Power and International Relations, New York, Random House, 1962.
8. H.J. Morgenthau: Politics Among Nations, 6th edition, revised by K.W. Thompson, New York, Alfred Knopf, 1985.
9. M.S. Rajan : Non-Alignment and the Non-Alignment Movement in the Present World Order, Delhi, Konark, 1994.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – I

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Research Methodology	MAP-104

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Apply quantitative and qualitative research tools and techniques.
2. Use effective methods for data collection and analysis.
3. Design and develop a structured research proposal.
4. Understand the role of computers in conducting social research.
5. Integrate digital tools to enhance research accuracy and efficiency.

UNIT I – Nature and scope of Social Research: Importance and uses, Difference between Pure and Applied Research, Identification of Research Problem, Research Design.

UNIT II – Hypothesis, Concepts and Variables, Classification, Hypotheses Formulation and Testing, Sampling Method

UNIT III – Tools and Techniques of Data Collection, Observation: Characteristics of observation, Kinds of observation, merits and Demerits, Questionnaire, Schedule, Interview, Survey techniques.

UNIT IV – Nature of study: Case study, Pilot studies and Panel studies, Application of Computer in Social Science Research, Theory Formation in Social Sciences, Report writing.

UNIT V – Frequency Distribution, Measurement of Central Tendency- Mean, Median, Mode, Measurement of Deviation, Correlation Theory.

Suggested Reading:-

1. Mukharji - Social Survey & Social Research (Hindi)
2. Bajpai, S.R. - Methods of Social Survey and Research.
3. Ghosh, B.N. - Scientific Method and Social Research.
4. Goode, W.G. & P.K. Hatt - Methods in Social Research.
5. Gopal, M.H. - An Introduction to Research Procedure in Social Sciences.
6. Lundburhg, G. - Social Research.
7. Raiammal, P. Devada & J. Kuladelvel - A Hand Book of Methodology of Research



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – I

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Seminar/ Internship/Project	MAP-105

Seminar/ Internship / Project

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R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – II

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Western Political Thought	MAP-201

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the genesis and evolution of Western political thought.
2. Analyze Greek political philosophy, especially the ideas of Plato and Aristotle.
3. Explore Roman, medieval, and early modern thinkers like Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, and Montesquieu.
4. Examine utilitarian and idealist thinkers such as Bentham, Mill, Hegel, and Green.
5. Evaluate revolutionary political ideas of Marx, Lenin, and Mao.

UNIT_I- Characteristics of Greek Political Thought, Political Philosophy of Plato, Political Philosophy of Aristotle

UNIT_II- Characteristics of Roman Political Thought, Characteristics of Medieval Political Thought

UNIT_III- Bantham and J.S. Mill, Hegel and Green.

UNIT_IV- Marx, Lenin, Mao-Tse-Tung

UNIT_V- Rawls, Nozic and Communitarians, Laski, Pluralism, Fascism

Suggested Reading:-

1. V.P. Varma - Modern Indian Political Thought, Vol. I & II.
2. S.P. Verma - Modern Political Theory.
3. J.C. Johari - Contemporary Political Theory.
4. D. Bell - End of Ideology.
5. Cobban - Decline of Political Theory.
6. Hacker - Political Theory : Philosophy, Ideology and Science.
7. W.T. Jones - A History of Political Thought.
8. Mac-Ilwin - The Growth of Political Thought in the West.
9. Barker - Political Thought in England.
10. Laski - Reflection on the Revolution of our times.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – II

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	State Politics in India	MAP-202

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the structure and dynamics of state politics in India.
2. Analyze the roles and powers of the Governor, Chief Minister, and Council of Ministers.
3. Gain insight into the composition and functions of Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad.
4. Explore the jurisdiction and authority of the High Court and subordinate judiciary.
5. Evaluate key factors, commissions, and patterns shaping state-level political processes.

UNIT-I

State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers

UNIT-II

State Legislature: Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad

UNIT-III

Judiciary: High Court and Subordinate Courts

UNIT-IV

- 1 Factors and Characteristics determining state politics in India
- 2 Increasing Demand for state Autonomy
- 3 Demand for the creation of new states.
- 4 State politics in the era of Globalization and coalition Politics.
Inter state river water disputes.

UNIT-V

- 1 Inter-state council
- 2 State planning commission
- 3 State finance commission
- 4 State election commission
- 5 Broad Pattern of State Politics in India

Suggested reading:-

- **Bombwall, K.R.** (1967). *The Foundations of Indian Federalism*. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
- **Brass, P.R.** (1982). "Pluralism, Regionalism and Decentralizing Tendencies in Contemporary Indian Politics." In A. Wilson & D. Dalton (Eds.), *The States of South Asia: Problems of National Integration*. London: Hurst.
- **Dasgupta, B. & Morris-Jones, W.H.** (1976). *Patterns and Trends in Indian Politics*. New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- **Fadia, B.L.** (1984). *State Politics in India* (2 Vols.). New Delhi: Radiant Publishers.
- **Kohli, A.** (Ed.). (1988). *India's Democracy: An Analysis of Changing State–Society Relations*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.
- **Kothari, R.** (Ed.). (1976). *State and Nation Building*. Bombay: Allied Publishers.
- **Rudolph, S.H. & Rudolph, L.I.** (1987). *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State*. Delhi: Orient Longman.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – II

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Major Ideas and Issues in Public Administration	MAP-203

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the nature of administration in the Indian Knowledge System.
2. Differentiate between public and private administration.
3. Learn various approaches to studying administration and organizations.
4. Explore bureaucracy and its transformation under globalization and liberalization.
5. Grasp key approaches to financial administration.

UNIT_I

- 1 Meaning, nature and scope of Public Administration.
- 2 nature of administration in Indian Knowledge System.
- 3 Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.
- 4 New Public Administration.
- 5 Impact of Information Technology on Administration.

UNIT_II

- 1 Decision Making Approach of Herbert Simon.
- 2 Developmental Administration Approach.
- 3 Ecological Approach-Fred Riggs Model.
4. Scientific Management Theory -Taylor.

UNIT_III

- 1 Liberal Democratic Approach.
- 2 Marxist Leninist Approach.
- 3Welfare State Approach.

UNIT_IV

- 1 Financial Administration-Importance and Aims.
- 2 Zero Base Budgeting and Performance Budgeting-Process, Problems and Importance.
- 3 Political and Administrative interaction in Economic Development.
- 4 Impact of Economic Liberalization and Globalization on administration.

UNIT_V

- 1 Neutrality of Civil Services.
- 2 Downsizing of Bureaucracy.
- 3 Modernization of Bureaucracy
4. Administrative Management

Suggested Reading:-

1. L. Peters, Public Administration and Development, Princeton University Press, 1973.
2. R. Presthus, Public Administration, New York, Ranold, 1975.
3. L.D. White, An Introduction to the study of Public Administrator, New York, MacMillan, 1953,
- 4 Argyris, Understanding organizational Behaviour, Illionis, Dorsey Press,1960
5. Avasthi and Maheshwari, Public Administration, Agra, Laxmi N. Agarwal, 1996.
6. G.E. Caiden and H. Siedentoph, Strategies for Administrative Reforms, Lexington Massachusetts, D.C. Health, 1982.
- 7 T.N. Chaturvedi, Contemporary Administrative Culture of India, New Delhi, Mittal,1997.
8. M.E. Dimock, A Philosophy of Administration : Towards Creative Grown, New York, Harper, 1958.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – II

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	International Organization	MAP-204

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the evolution of international organizations.
2. Learn about the League of Nations and its failure.
3. Know the structure, functions, and reform needs of the UN.
4. Explore UN methods for resolving international disputes.
5. Examine the UN's role in global welfare, disarmament, and developing nations.

UNIT-I

- Nature and Evolution of International Organisation.
- The League of Nations: Role in protecting world peace, Causes of failure of League of Nations.

UNIT-II

- The United Nations: Structure and Functions, Various organs of the UN, need of reforms in the structure of UN.

UNIT-III

- Peaceful Settlement and Forceful Settlement of International Disputes and Enforcement Action.
- Economic and Social Development and the Role of the UN.

UNIT-IV

- UN in the Post Cold War Era, Socio Economic and Humanitarian role.
- UN as peace keeper & Politics within UN

UNIT-V

- UN's role in Disarmament.

- Contribution of Third world to Achieve goal of U.N.

Suggested Reading:-

1. Potter, P.B. : International Organisation.
2. Goodrich L.H. : The United Nations
3. Cheever and Others : Organising for Peace International Organisation in World Affair.
4. P. Baehr and L. Gordenker, The United Nations in the 1990s, London, Oxford University Press, 1992.
5. P. Baehr, The United Nations: Reality and Ideal, London, Oxford University Press 1989.
6. A.L. Bennett, International Organization: Principles and Issues, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1977.
7. S.J.R. Bilgrami, International Organisation, New Delhi, Vikas 1977.
8. H.J. Morgenthau (ed.), Peace, Security and the United Nations, Chicago, University of Chicago Press, 1946.
9. M.S. Rajan, "India and the Making of the United Nations".
- 10 HO Agrawal, International Organisations, Central law Publication, 2023



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – II

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Entrepreneurship Development	MAP-205

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the meaning, nature, and importance of entrepreneurship and its role in the Indian economy.
2. Analyze entrepreneurial opportunities and assess potential risks and rewards.
3. Learn how to develop a business idea, prepare a business plan, and fulfill legal requirements for starting a venture.
4. Explore the role of supportive organizations, government schemes, and financial institutions in promoting entrepreneurship.
5. Conduct market assessments and prepare survey-based reports on successful and unsuccessful entrepreneurs.

UNIT-I

Introduction-

Entrepreneurship - meaning, nature, importance, specific traits of Entrepreneurs, role of entrepreneurs in Indian Economy.

UNIT-II

Analysis of Entrepreneurial Opportunities – Definition, Objectives, Identification, Process of Sensing, and Assessing the Impact of Opportunities and Threats.

UNIT-III

Search of business idea -

Preparing for business plan, legal requirements for establishing of a new unit-procedure for registering business, starting of new venture, product designing / branding, research and development, selection of forms of business organization.

UNIT-IV

Role of Supportive Organizations, D.I.C and various government policies for the development of entrepreneurship Government schemes and business assistance, subsidies, role of banks.

UNIT-V

Market assessment- Meaning of market assessment, components and dimensions of market assessment, Questionnaire preparations, survey of local market, visit to industrial unit, business houses, service sector etc. Submission of survey based report on one successful and unsuccessful entrepreneurs.

Suggested Reading:-

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1 Entrepreneurship Development | Dr.C.B.Gupta |
| 2 Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development
Management | Vasant Desai and |
| 3 Innovation and Entrepreneurship | Peter F.Drucker |
| 4 Entrepreneurship Development | G.A.Kaulgud |
| 5 Entrepreneurship-Need of the Hour | Dr.Vidya Hattangad |
| 6 Entrepreneurship Development | Dipesh D. Uike |

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R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – III

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Comparative Politics	MAP-301

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand traditional, modern, and behavioral perspectives in comparative politics.
2. Learn key theoretical approaches like Easton's system theory and Almond-Powell's structural-functional model.
3. Grasp concepts such as political development, modernization, culture, and socialization.
4. Critically analyze Marxist and Leninist approaches to politics.
5. Explore political elites, participation, recruitment, and communication.

UNIT-I

1. Comparative Politics - Meaning, nature and scope.
2. Comparative Politics - Evolution
3. Comparative Politics - Traditional and Modern Perspective
4. Comparative Politics - Behavioral Frame-work

UNIT-II

1. Political Systems Approach and Analysis (David Easton)
2. Structural Functional Approach and Analysis (G.A. Almond and G.B. Powell)

UNIT-III

Activity: Interactive quiz: Interactive quiz can be organised to develop the understanding of students on political development, modernisation and political culture.

UNIT-IV

1. Significance - Marxist-Leninist approach in comparative Politics,
2. Critical appraisal of Marxist-Leninist approach.
3. Political Elites (Views of Pareto, Mosca, Michels)

UNIT-V

1. Political Socialization (Views of Apter, Almond, Powell)
2. Political Participation and Political Recruitment (Views of Apter, Almond, Powell)

3. Political Communication (Views of Norbert Weiner and Karl W. Deutsch)

Suggested Reading:-

1. G. Almond, Comparative Politics Today : A World View, 7th edn., New York, London, 2000.
 2. Almond and Powell, Comparative Politics : A Developmental approach, Boston, Little Brown, 1966.
 3. J.A. Bill and R. Hardgrave, Comparative Politics : The Quest for Theory, Columbus, Merrill, 1973.
 4. J. Blondel, An Introduction to Comparative : Government, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson.
 5. H. Eckstein and D.E. Apter, Comparative Politics, New York, Free Press, 1963.
- Macridis and Ward, Modern Political Systems : Europe and Asia, 2nd ed.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – III

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Indian Foreign Policy	MAP-302

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Understand the principles and objectives of Indian foreign policy.
- 2 Analyze India's bilateral relations with major powers like the USA, Russia, and China.
- 3 Examine India's regional ties with neighboring countries in South Asia.
- 4 Explore India's role in international organizations like UN, BRICS, G20, SCO, ASEAN, SAARC, and BIMSTEC.
- 5 Assess key challenges to Indian foreign policy in the 21st century, including nuclear disarmament.

UNIT-I

1. Foreign Policy: Meaning, nature and determinants.
2. Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy: internal and external
- 3 Principles and objectives of Indian Foreign Policy

UNIT-II

1. India and The USA
2. India and Russia
- 3 India and China

UNIT-III

1. India and Pakistan
2. India and Bangladesh
3. India and Sri Lanka
- 4 India and Afghanistan

UNIT-IV

1. India and Nepal
2. India and Bhutan
- 3 India and Regional Organizations- SCO, SAARC, ASEAN, BIMSTEC

UNIT-V

1. India's role at U.N. ,BRICS,G-20
2. India and Nuclear Disarmament
- 3 Challenges before Indian Foreign Policy in the 21 Century

Suggested Reading:-

1. P.M. Cronin, From Globalism to Regionalism : New Perspective on US Foreign and Defense Policies, Washington, National Defense University Press, 1993.
2. J.B. Dunlop, The Rise of Russia and the Fall of the Soviet Empire, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1993.
3. R.E. Kanet and A.V. Kozhmiakin, The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation, London Macmillan, 1997.
4. S.J.R. Bilgrami, India and the UN, New Delhi, Jamia, 1969.
5. V.P. Dutt, India's Foreign Policy in a Changing world, New Delhi, Vikas, 1999.
6. N. Jetley, India's Foreign Policy : Challenges and Prospects, New Delhi, Janaki Prakashan, 1985.
7. N.K. Jha, (ed.), India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2000.
8. H. Kapur, India's Foreign Policy : 1947-1993, New Delhi, Sage, 1994.
9. S. Mansingh, India's Search for Power, New Delhi, Sage, 1995.
10. J. Nehru, India's Foreign Policy : Selected Speeches, September 1946 - April 1961, New Delhi, Publications Division Government of India, 1971.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – III

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	International Law	MAP-303

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1 Understand the origin, development, and codification of international law.
- 2 Explore the relationship between national and international legal systems.
- 3 Gain knowledge of key international legal principles.
- 4 Learn the concept and application of the law of neutrality.
- 5 Examine laws governing warfare in air, land, and sea domains.

UNIT-I

Origin and Development of International law, Origin and Development, Meaning, nature, scope and Sources of International law.

The limitations and possibilities of international law.

UNIT-II

Relationship between international law and national law.
Codification and Progressive Development of International law.

UNIT-III

International Legal Principles : Recognition, Equality, Law of Sea, Treaty Obligation, Diplomatic immunities and privileges, Extradition.

UNIT-IV

Law of Neutrality, Rights and duties of neutral powers,
Violations of neutrality, blockade.

UNIT-V

Laws of Air Warfare, Land Warfare and Sea Warfare. Sovereignty over their space- Jurisdiction over air space and outer space. Crimes against Humanity and Provisions of International law, Treatment of Prisoners of War, 1949 Geneva Convention.

Suggested Reading:-

1. Pitt, Cobbet: Leading Cases in International Law
2. Oppenheim L. : International Law

3. Fenwick, G.G. : International Law
4. Lawrence: Principle of International Law
5. Green, L.C. : International Law Through Cases.
6. Strake, J.G. : An Introduction to International Law
7. Bricrly, J.L. : The Law of Nations.
8. Garner, J.M. : Recent Development in International Law
9. Hall, W.E. : International Law
10. Schewarzenberger, George : International Law
11. Jesup, Philip, C.J. : A Modern Law of Nations



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – III

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Federalism in India and Local Self Government	MAP-304

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the nature of Indian federal system and Centre–State relations.
2. Explain the Sarkaria Commission’s report and the role of regional parties in federalism.
3. Identify new trends in federalism and state demands for autonomy.
4. Gain knowledge of Urban and Rural local self-government in India.
5. Analyze the 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendments and their impact on finance, women, and bureaucracy.

UNIT-I

1. Development and Nature of Indian Federal System.
- 2 Centre-State Relations-legislative Administrative and financial relations.

UNIT-II

1. Report of Sarkaria Commission: Silent Features Analytical Study and criticism.
2. Inter-state council
- 4 Regional parties and their effect on federalism.

UNIT-III

1. New trends of Federalism, Nature and prospects.
2. Demand of autonomy by states.
- 3 Development of Local Govt after independence, 73 rd and 74th amendment of Constitution.

UNIT-IV

1. Rural Local self Govt special reference to M.P., Organization and powers.
- 2 Urban Local self Govt special reference to M.P., organization and powers.

UNIT-V

1. Finance and Local self Govt.
2. Bureaucracy in Local self Govt.
3. Women's reservation in Panchayat and its effect.

4 Local autonomy and its importance.

Suggested Reading:-

1. S.P. Aiyar and U. Mehta (eds.), Essays on Indian Federalism, Bombay, Allied Publishers, 1965.
2. D.D. Basu, An Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1994 (in Hindi)
3. K.R. Bombwall, The Foundations of Indian Federalism, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
4. R. Khan, Rethinking Indian Federalism, Shimla, Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, 1997.
5. R. Kothari, Party System and Election Studies, Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
6. J.A. Kousar, Federalism and Good Governance : Issues across Cultures, New Delhi, South Asian, 1998.
7. P. Kumar, Studies in Indian Federalism, New Delhi, Deep and Deep 1988.
8. Z. Hasan (ed.), Parties and Party Politics in India, New Delhi, Oxford University press, 2001.



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – III

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Seminar/Conference/ Project	MAP-305

Seminar/Conference/ Project

[illegible]



R.K.D.F. UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL
MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – IV

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Advance Political Theory	MAP-401

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the meaning, nature, and interpretations of Political Theory.
2. Analyze the decline of Political Theory and key movements like Behavioralism and Post-Behavioralism.
3. Explore major thinkers' contributions to the revival of Political Theory.
4. Examine the concept of the "end of ideology" and emerging trends in Political Theory.
5. Develop insights into modern democratic theories, Habermas, Modernism, Postmodernism, and Feminism.

UNIT-I

1. Meaning, Nature and Significance of Political Theory.
2. Different Interpretation in Political Theory and Problems.
3. Limitations of Classical Tradition.

UNIT-II

1. Decline of Political Theory and Modern Political Theory.
2. Behaviouralism and Post Behaviouralism.

UNIT-III

1. Ideas of Isaiah Berlin, Eric Barglin, Michael Oakshott, John
2. Rawls, Leo Strauss about Revival of Political Theory.

UNIT-IV

1. End of Ideology and its impact on Political Theory.
2. New Trends in Political Theory.

UNIT-V

1. Modern Democratic Theories: Hebermas, Modernism, Post
2. Modernism and Feminism.

Suggested Reading:-

1. S.P. Verma - Modern Political Theory
2. J.C. Johari - Contemporary Political Theory.
3. D. Bell - End of Ideology.
4. Cobban - Decline of Political Theory.
5. F. Fukuyana - End of History and the Last Man.
6. Hacker - Political Theory : Philosophy, Ideology and Science.
7. T. Khan - Structure of Scientific Revolution.
8. Laski - Reflection on the Revolution of our times.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – IV

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Government and Politics of Madhya Pradesh	MAP-402

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand the key foundations of Madhya Pradesh politics.
2. Learn the powers of the Governor, Chief Minister, and Legislative Assembly.
3. Explore the judiciary, party system, and electoral politics in the state.
4. Gain knowledge of state and district administration structures.
5. Analyze new political trends, including issues related to women, tribal communities, and Naxalism.

UNIT-I

1. Introduction and History of Madhya Pradesh- Reorganisation of States (1956) Formation of Madhya Pradesh, Division of Madhya Pradesh (2000)
2. Main bases of Madhya Pradesh Politics and Characteristics

UNIT-II

1. Governor-appointment, Powers and Positions
2. Chief Minister and Cabinet - Powers position and role
3. Madhya Pradesh Legislative Assembly- Organisation and Powers, Role of Speaker
- 4 Role of opposition.

UNIT-III

1. State Judiciary in Madhya Pradesh - Organisation and Jurisdiction.
2. Party System in Madhya Pradesh and Main Political Parties.
3. Electoral Politics in Madhya Pradesh and Voting Behavior.

UNIT-IV

1. Administration in Madhya Pradesh - Historical Background
2. Administrative Structure in Madhya Pradesh - Secretariat, Chief Secretary, Secretary, Commissioner and Others.
3. District Administration in Madhya Pradesh. Role of Collector in District Administration.

UNIT-V

1. Emerging trends of Madhya Pradesh Politics.
2. Women in Madhya Pradesh Politics
3. Tribal Politics in Madhya Pradesh
4. Naxlite Problem in Madhya Pradesh
5. Development and Politics in Madhya Pradesh.

Suggested Reading:-

1. Chatterjee, P. (Ed.). *States and Politics in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
2. Khan, R. *Rethinking Indian Federalism*. Shimla: Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, 1997.
3. Narain, Iqbal. *State Politics in India*.
4. Sarkar, Subrato. *The Centre and the States (1960–1971)*.
5. Murthi, Sudha. *Regional Disparities in the Economic Development of Madhya Pradesh*.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – IV

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Politics of South Asian Countries (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Srilanka and Nepal)	MAP-403

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand South Asian Politics: Gain foundational knowledge of political systems across South Asian countries.
2. Pakistan's Political Landscape: Analyze Pakistan's history, constitution, political parties, and the role of religion and the military.
3. Bangladesh's Governance and Economy: Explore the historical, constitutional, political, and economic structure of Bangladesh.
4. Sri Lanka and Nepal: Examine the political, constitutional, and economic frameworks of Sri Lanka and Nepal.
5. Foreign Policy Analysis: Develop the ability to critically assess the foreign policies of South Asian nations.

UNIT-I

1. A brief history and general information about the economy and polity of Pakistan.
2. Pakistan - constitution Salient Features
3. Pakistan - Main political issues and Party System.
4. Pakistan - The status of democracy, Role of religion & Army

UNIT-II

1. A brief history and general information about the economy and polity of Bangladesh.
2. Bangladesh - Constitution- Characteristics.
3. Bangladesh - Main political issues and Party System.
4. Bangladesh - The status of democracy, Role of religions & Army.

UNIT-III

1. A brief history and general information about the economy and polity of Srilanka.
2. Srilanka - constitution: Characteristics.
3. Srilanka - Main political issues and Political Party System.
4. Srilanka - The status of democracy.

UNIT-IV

1. A brief history and general information about the economy and polity of Nepal.
2. Nepal - Constitution making.

3. Nepal - Main political issues, Impact of Maoism
4. Nepal - Challenges before democracy.

UNIT-V

1. General Characteristics of Foreign Policy of Pakistan
2. General Characteristics of Foreign Policy of Bangladesh
3. General Characteristics of Foreign Policy of Nepal
4. General Characteristics of Foreign Policy of Srilanka

Suggested Reading:-

1. S.P. Verma, International System and the Third World, New Delhi, Vikas, 1988.
2. Almond and Coleman, The Politics of Developing Areas, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1960.
3. K. Bahadur, Democracy in Pakistan : Crises and Conflict, New Delhi, Har Anand, 1998.
4. C. Baxter, Government and Politics in South Asia, Lahore, Vanguard, 1988.
5. M. Chadda, Building Democracy in South Asia : India, Nepal, Pakistan, Boulder Colorado, Lynne Rienner, 2000.
6. C. Clapham and G. Philip, The Political Dilemmas of Military Regimes, London, Croom Helm, 1985.
7. S.P. Chorn, the Pakistan Army, New Delhi, Himalay Books, 1984.
8. H. Gardesi and J. Rashid, Pakistan : The Roots of Dictatorship, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1983.
9. S.K. Mira, The Post Colonial State in Asia : Dialectics of Politics and Culture, London, Harvester Wheat Sheaf, 1990.
10. U. Phadnis and R. Ganguli, Ethnicity and Nation Building in South Asia, New Delhi Sage



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – IV

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Human Rights: Theory and Practice	MAP-404

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Students will be able to understand the concept of Human Rights.
2. Students will be able to understand concept of Duties and their relationship with Rights.
3. Students will come to know United Nation's contribution for the cause of Human Rights.
4. Students will come to know the different Generations of Human Rights.
5. Student will be able to get knowledge of Indian perspective of Human Rights.

UNIT-I

1. Rights: meaning and Definitions
2. Types of Rights: Moral and legal
3. Theories of Rights: Theory of Natural Rights, Legal Theory, Liberal Theory, Marxist Theory.

UNIT-II

1. Human Rights: Meaning, Definitions, Concept and Historical Development.
2. Duties: meaning, Definition and Types
3. Relationship between Rights and Duties
4. Fundamental Duties in Indian constitution

UNIT-III

1. United Nations and Human Rights: Charter of United Nations.
2. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948
3. International Covenant on Economic, social and Cultural Rights 1966
4. International covenant- on civil and Political Right, 1966

UNIT-IV

1. Classification of Human Rights: First- Generation of Human Rights, Second Generation of Human Rights, Third Generation Human Rights
2. Human Rights and Environment: Right to clean Environment
3. Human Rights and Problem of Terrorism.

UNIT-V

1. Human Rights: Indian Perspective
2. Fundamental Rights,
3. Directive Principles of State Policy
4. Human Rights Protection Act 1993
5. Judicial Activism.

Suggested Reading:-

1. S. Subhramanyam, Human Rights: International Challenges, Vol. 1 and 2, Manas Pub. New Delhi, 1997.
2. Satish Kanitkar, International Provisions of Human Rights, Rajat Pub. Delhi 2000.
3. Ashwinikant Gautam, Human Rights, APH Publishing Co., New Delhi 2001
4. Rahul Ray, Human Rights: UN Initiative, Authors Press, Delhi 2000.
5. Ashine Roy, Human Rights of Women, Rajat Pub. Delhi, 2003.
6. D.N. Gupta & Chandrachur Singh, Human Rights: Acts, Statutes and Constitutional Provisions, Kalpaz Pub., Delhi, 2003.
7. Satish Kanitkar, Culture and Human Rights, Rajat Pub., Delhi 2000.



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MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)
M.A. NEP (Political Science) Semester – IV

Course	Subject	Subject Code
M.A. NEP (Political Science)	Personality Development	MAP-405

Course Learning Outcomes (CLO)

On successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. Understand key concepts of personality development and self-awareness.
2. Apply personality assessment tools and improve interview and communication skills.
3. Practice spoken communication, voice modulation, and argument techniques.
4. Develop presentation skills, body language, and impression management.
5. Participate in leadership, motivation, team building, and stress management activities

UNIT-I- Introduction

Personality development- concept, types, role and impact, developing self awareness, projecting a winning personality.

UNIT-II- Personality Assessment

Personality assessment and testing- resume writing- types, contents, formats, interviewing skill , group discussion, JAM sessions, persuasive communication .

UNIT-III- Communication Skill

Practice on oral/spoken communication skill and testing-voice and accent, feedback and questioning techniques, objectives in an argument.

UNIT-IV- Presentation Skills

Skills and techniques, etiquette, project/assignment presentation, role play and body language, impression management.

UNIT-V- Personality Development Activities

Leadership activities, motivation activities, team building activities, stress and time management techniques, creativity and ideation.

Suggested Reading:-

Business Communication- Royan and V.lesikar, John D. Pettit, JR.Richard D.Irwin, INC.
Personality Development and soft skills- Barun K. Mitra, Oxford Publisher.
Personality Development –Rajiv K.Mishra, Rupa Publisher.